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U.S. Department of Justice

Immigration and Naturalization Service

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS

425 Eye Street N.W.

ULLB, 3rd Floor

Washington, D.C. 20536

Public Copy

File: LIN 00 134 51567 Office: Nebraska Service Center

Date: APR 27 2001

IN RE: Petitioner:
Beneficiary:

Petition: Petition for Nonimmigrant Worker Pursuant to Section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(a)

IN BEHALF OF PETITIONER: Self-represented

Identification data deleted to
prevent clearly unwarranted
invasion of personal privacy.

INSTRUCTIONS:

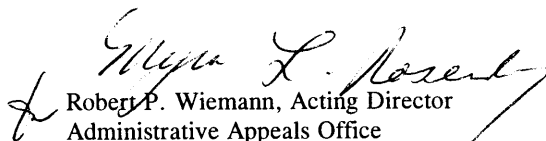
This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office which originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information which you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of the Service where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner. Id.

Any motion must be filed with the office which originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. 103.7.

FOR THE ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER,
EXAMINATIONS


Robert P. Wiemann, Acting Director
Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The nonimmigrant visa petition was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and is now before the Associate Commissioner for Examinations on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The petitioner operates a farm and ranch. It desires to employ the beneficiary as a ranch and farm assistant manager for an indefinite period. The petition was not accompanied by the required temporary agricultural labor certification, ETA-750. The director determined that absent the certification, the petitioner failed to meet the regulatory requirements necessary for approval of the petition. The director also determined that the beneficiary is not maintaining a valid nonimmigrant status.

On appeal, the petitioner states that the supporting documentation was never taken into consideration.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(5)(i)(A) states in pertinent part that:

An H-2A petition must be filed on Form I-129. This petition must be filed with a single valid temporary agricultural labor certification.

The regulation at 8 C.F.R. 214.2(h)(5)(i)(D) states in pertinent part that a H-2A petition:

will be automatically denied if filed without the certification evidence required in paragraph (h)(5)(i)(A) of this section....

The petition was filed on March 29, 2000 without a temporary agricultural labor certification. Absent such documentation, the petition cannot be approved.

Further, the record indicates that the beneficiary and his spouse entered the United States without inspection on or about May 13th and May 14th of 1995. The petition indicates the beneficiary last arrived in the United States on February 1, 1992. The petition does not indicate the beneficiary's present nonimmigrant status. Therefore, the petitioner has not shown that the beneficiary is currently maintaining a valid nonimmigrant status.

This petition cannot be approved for an additional reason. The petition indicates that the dates of the intended employment for the beneficiary are from present to retirement. The petitioner has not established that the need for the services to be performed is temporary.

The burden of proof in these proceedings rests solely with the petitioner. Section 291 of the Act, 8 U.S.C. 1361. Here, the petitioner has not met that burden.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.